UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 3 Bryan Dryden, Case No. 2:17-cv-00704-JAD-NJK Petitioner 4 **Order Denying Motion for Order Directing** 5 the Lower Courts to Enter DNA into v. **CODIS** 6 Calvin Johnson, et al., [ECF Nos. 75] 7 Respondents 8 On March 23, 2022, I denied Petitioner Bryan Dryden's petition for writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Dryden appealed, and the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals denied Dryden a certificate of appealability on October 27, 2022.² The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals then granted Dryden's counsel's motion to withdraw.³ 11 12 Dryden has since filed a motion requesting an order directing the state courts to enter 13 unidentified DNA into CODIS for identification purposes. 4 But a federal district court does not 14 have appellate jurisdiction over a state court or state supreme court, whether by direct appeal, 15 writ of mandamus, writ of prohibition, an exercise of supervisory jurisdiction, or 16 otherwise. Generally, the *Rooker-Feldman* doctrine prevents "a party losing in state court . . . from seeking what in substance would be appellate review of the state judgment in a United States district court." Plus, Dryden has already received federal habeas review of his 19 ¹ ECF No. 63. 20 ² ECF No. 68. 21 ³ ECF No. 69. ⁴ ECF No. 75. 22 ⁵ See, e.g., Rooker v. Fidelity Trust Co., 263 U.S. 413 (1923); D.C. Court of Appeals v. Feldman, 23 | 460 U.S. 462, 482–86 (1983); *Bianchi v. Rylaarsdam*, 334 F.3d 895, 898 (9th Cir. 2003). ⁶ Henrichs v. Valley View Dev., 474 F.3d 609, 611 (9th Cir. 2009) (citation omitted).

conviction. To receive further collateral review, he must secure permission from the Ninth Circuit to file a second or successive § 2254 habeas petition.⁷ IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the motion to appeal [ECF No. 75] IS DENIED. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, to the extent required, a certificate of appealability is denied. Dated: May 25, 2023 U.S. District Judge Jenniser ⁷ See Brown v. Muniz, 889 F.3d 661, 667 (9th Cir. 2018) (under § 2244(b)(3), federal district

courts lack jurisdiction to entertain a petitioner's successive habeas petition absent permission from the court of appeals to do so).